

# Probability 1

chapter

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## Section 1.5 Mutually exclusive events - The addition rule



$$P(R \cup A) = P(R) + P(A)$$



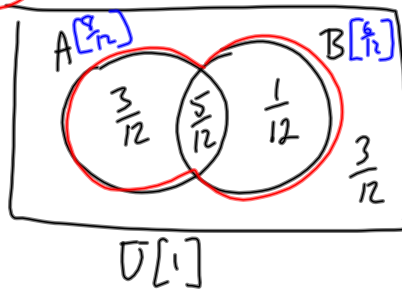
$$P(G \cup B) = P(G) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

$$\frac{20}{21} = \frac{9}{21} + \frac{17}{21} - \frac{6}{21}$$

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19. For events A and B, it is known that  $P(A) = \frac{2}{3}$ ,  $P(A \cup B) = \frac{3}{4}$  and  $P(A \cap B) = \frac{5}{12}$ . Find  $P(B)$ .



$$P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

$$P(B) = P(A \cup B) - P(A) + P(A \cap B)$$

$$= \frac{9}{12} - \frac{8}{12} + \frac{5}{12}$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} + \frac{5}{12} = \frac{6}{12} = \frac{1}{2}$$